

Related Rates Notes Day 1

1. Joe inflates a spherical balloon. Air is entering the balloon at a rate of $15 \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{sec}}$. How fast is the radius changing when the radius is 10 cm.

$$K: \frac{dV}{dt} = 15 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$F: \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$W: 10 \text{ cm} = r$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \quad \text{volume of a sphere}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$15 = 4\pi (10)^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{15}{400\pi} = \frac{400\pi}{400\pi} \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{3}{80\pi} \text{ cm/sec}$$

2. A pebble is thrown into a pond forming ripples whose radius increases at the rate of 4 in/sec. How fast is the area of the ripple changing when the radius is one foot?

$$K: \frac{dr}{dt} = 4 \text{ in/sec}$$

$$F: \frac{dA}{dt}$$

$$W: 1 \text{ ft} = 12 \text{ in} = r$$

$$A = \pi r^2 \quad \text{area of a circle}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi (12)(4)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 96\pi \text{ in}^2/\text{sec}$$

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3. The radius of a circle is increasing at the rate of 2 in/sec. At what rate is the area increasing when the circumference of the circle is 12π in.?

K: $\frac{dr}{dt} = 2 \text{ in/sec}$

F: $\frac{dA}{dt}$

w: $12\pi \text{ in} = C$

$A = \pi r^2$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi(6)(2)$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = 24\pi \text{ in}^2/\text{sec}$

find r using circumference

$C = 2\pi r$

Circumference of a circle

$\frac{12\pi}{2\pi} = \frac{2\pi r}{2\pi}$

$6 \text{ in} = r$

4. A circular cotton doily with radius 22 cm is inadvertently thrown in the dryer and starts shrinking so that the radius is decreasing at a rate of 2 cm/min. At what rate is the area enclosed by the circle decreasing 5 minutes after the doily is thrown the dryer?

K: $\frac{dr}{dt} = -2 \text{ cm/min}$

F: $\frac{dA}{dt}$

w: $t = 5 \text{ min}$ $r = 22 \text{ cm}$
at $t = 0$

$A = \pi r^2$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi(12)(-2) \text{ cm}^2/\text{min}$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = -48\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{min}$

t	r
0	22
1	20
2	18
3	16
4	14
5	12 cm

$r = 12 \text{ cm}$
after 5 min.

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5. A piece of ice cut in the shape of a cube melts uniformly so that its volume decreases at $3 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$. How fast is the surface area decreasing when the edge of the cube is 5 cm.

K: $\frac{dV}{dt} = -3 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

F: $\frac{dS}{dt}$

w: $e = 5 \text{ cm}$

rewrite for e
 $V = e^3$ volume of cube
 $e = \sqrt[3]{V}$

$V = (5)^3$
 $V = 125$

$S = 6e^2$ surface area of cube

$S = 6\sqrt[3]{V^2} \rightarrow 6V^{2/3}$

$\frac{dS}{dt} = 4V^{-1/3} \frac{dV}{dt}$

$\frac{dS}{dt} = \frac{4}{\sqrt[3]{V}} \frac{dV}{dt}$

$\frac{dS}{dt} = \frac{4}{\sqrt[3]{125}} (-3)$

$\frac{dS}{dt} = -\frac{12}{5} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$

6. Air is escaping from a spherical balloon at the rate of 2 cm^3 per minute. How fast is the surface area shrinking when the radius is 1 cm?

K: $\frac{dV}{dt} = -2 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$

F: $\frac{dS}{dt}$

w: $r = 1 \text{ cm}$

$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$
 $\frac{-2}{4\pi} = \frac{4\pi(1)^2}{4\pi} \frac{dr}{dt}$
 $\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{-1}{2\pi}$

$S = 4\pi r^2$ surface area of a sphere

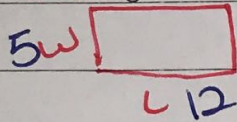
$\frac{dS}{dt} = 8\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$

$\frac{dS}{dt} = 8\pi(1)\left(\frac{-1}{2\pi}\right)$

$\frac{dS}{dt} = -4 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min}$

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7. The length l of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate of 2 cm/sec while the width w is increasing at the rate of 2 cm/sec. When $l = 12$ cm and $w = 5$ cm, find the rates of change in (a) the area (b) the perimeter and (c) ~~the length of the diagonal of the rectangle.~~



$$A = L \cdot W$$
$$A = 60 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$P = 2L + 2W$$
$$P = 34 \text{ cm}$$

K: $\frac{dl}{dt} = -2 \text{ cm/sec}$ $\frac{dw}{dt} = 2 \text{ cm/sec}$

F: $\frac{dA}{dt}$ and $\frac{dP}{dt}$

W: $l = 12 \text{ cm}$ $w = 5 \text{ cm}$

a) Change in area

$$A = L \cdot W$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = L \cdot \frac{dw}{dt} + W \cdot \frac{dl}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 12(2) + 5(-2)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 14 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$$

b) Change in perimeter

$$P = 2L + 2W$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 2 \frac{dl}{dt} + 2 \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 2(-2) + 2(2)$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 0 \text{ Perimeter is constant}$$