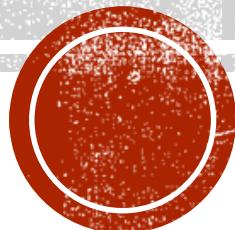


AREA BETWEEN TWO CURVES

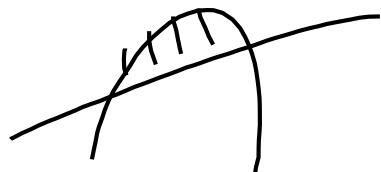
Honors Calculus

Keeper 34



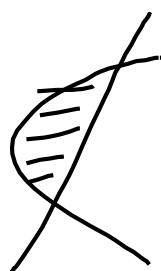
AREA OF A REGION BETWEEN TWO CURVES

$$A = \int_a^b [f(x) - g(x)]dx$$



TOP – BOTTOM → dx

OR



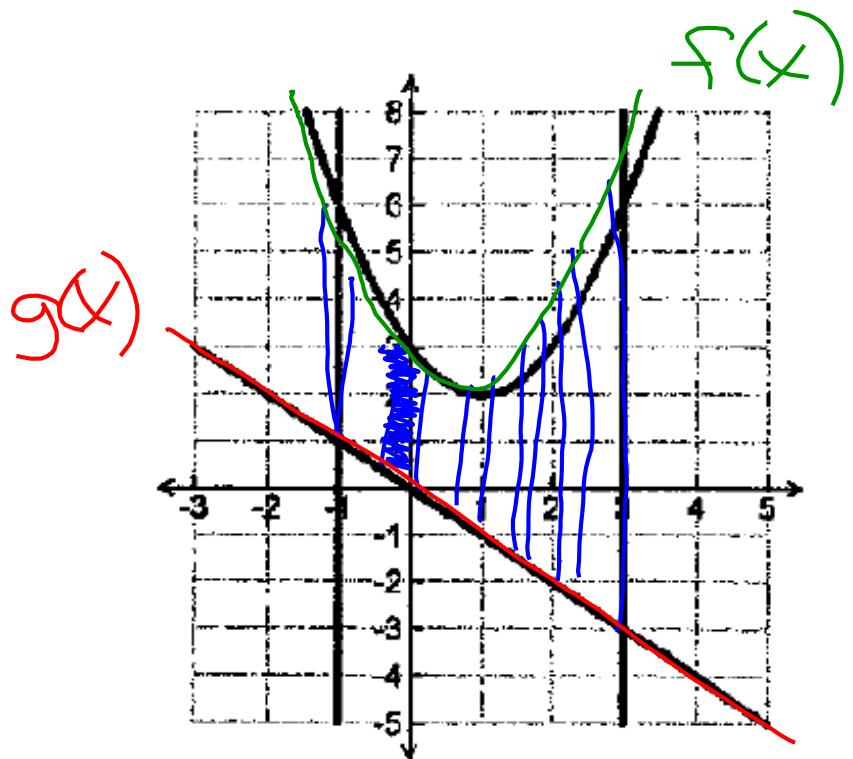
RIGHT – LEFT → dy



FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION BOUNDED BY THE GRAPHS

1. $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 3$

$g(x) = -x$



$$A = \int_{-1}^3 (x^2 - 2x + 3) - (-x) \, dx$$

$$A = \int_{-1}^3 x^2 - x + 3 \, dx$$

$$A = \left[\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x \right]_{-1}^3$$
$$\left(\frac{3^3}{3} - \frac{3^2}{2} + 3 \cdot 3 \right) - \left(\frac{(-1)^3}{3} - \frac{(-1)^2}{2} + 3 \cdot (-1) \right)$$
$$= \left(9 - \frac{9}{2} + 9 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - 3 \right)$$

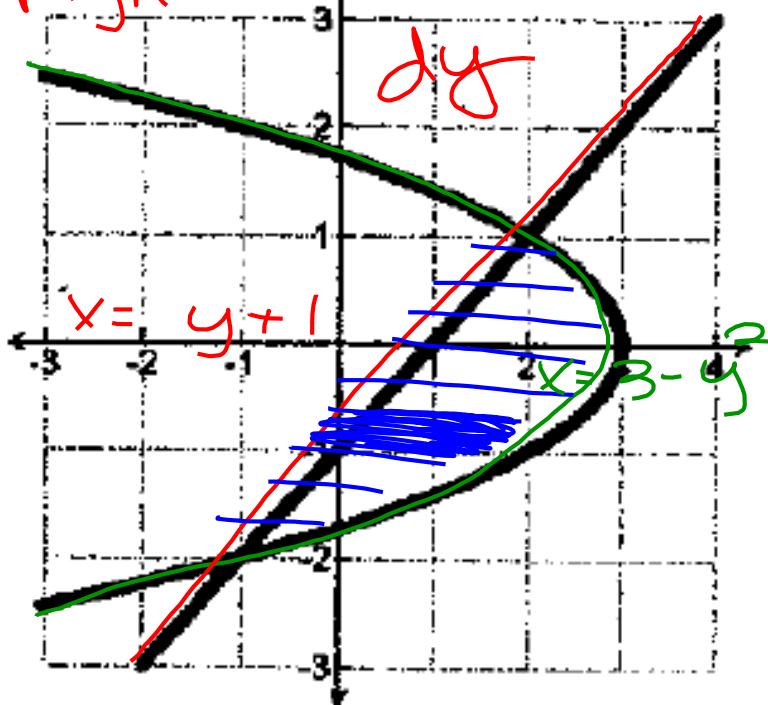
$$A = \frac{52}{3}$$

FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION BOUNDED BY THE GRAPHS

2. $x = 3 - y^2$

$y = x - 1$ $x = y + 1$

right - left



$$A = \int_{-2}^1 (3 - y^2) - (y + 1) dy$$
$$= \int_{-2}^1 -y^2 - y + 2 dy$$
$$= \left[-\frac{y^3}{3} - \frac{y^2}{2} + 2y \right]_{-2}^1$$

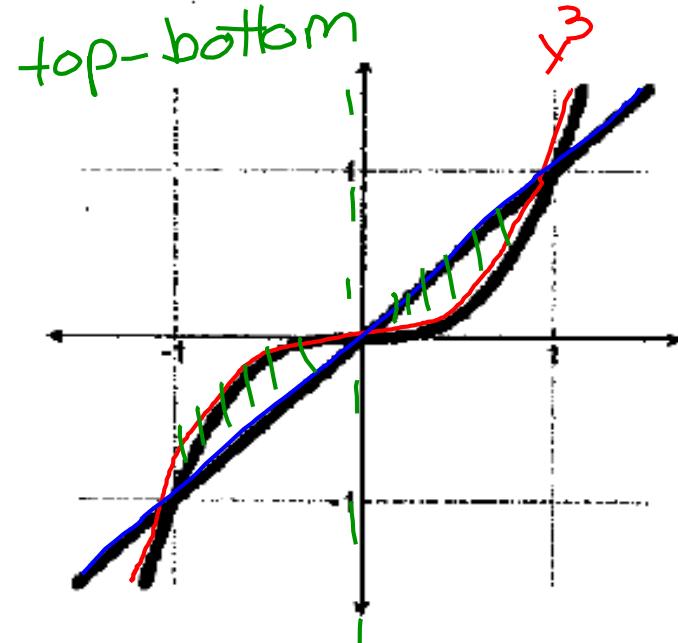
$$\left(-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} + 2 \right) - \left(\frac{8}{3} - 2 - 4 \right)$$

$$A = \frac{9}{2} \text{ or } 4.5$$

FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION BOUNDED BY THE GRAPHS

3. $f(x) = x^3$

$g(x) = x$



$$A = \int_{-1}^0 x^3 - x + \int_0^1 x - x^3 \, dx$$

$$\left[\frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{-1}^0 + \left[\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^1$$

$$(0 - 0) - \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \right) - (0)$$

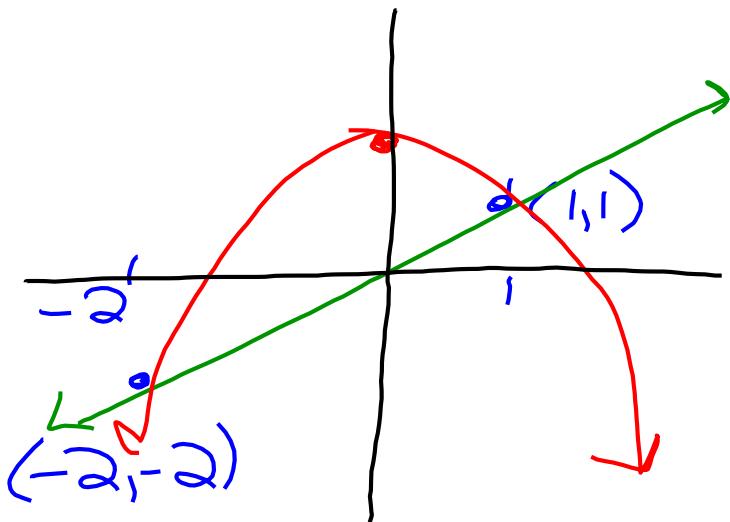
$$-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$\frac{1}{2}$



FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION BOUNDED BY THE GRAPHS

$$4. f(x) = 2 - x^2, \quad g(x) = x$$



$$\begin{aligned}2 - x^2 &= x \\0 &= x^2 + x - 2 \\0 &= (x+2)(x-1) \\x = -2 &\quad x = 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} + 2\right) - \left(\frac{8}{3} - 2 - 4\right)$$

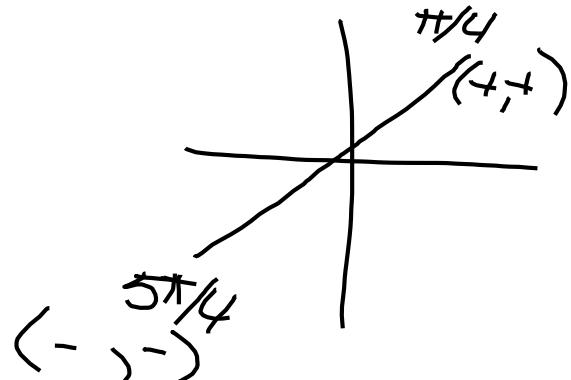
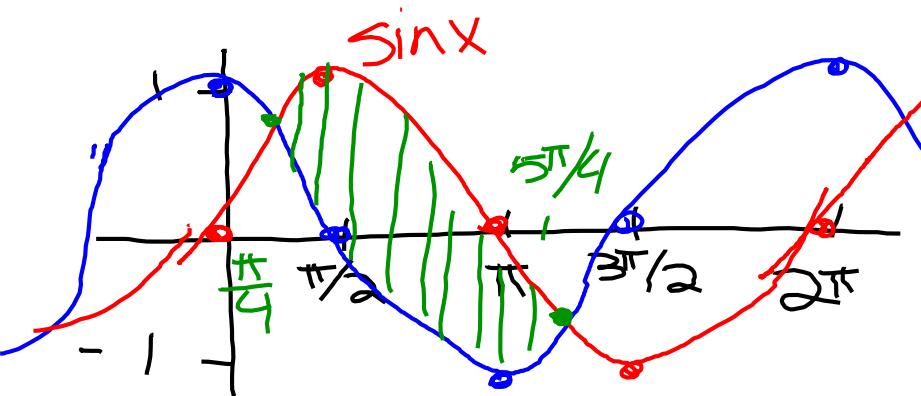
$$\left. \left(-\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x \right) \right|_{-2}^1$$

$$A = \frac{9}{2} \text{ or } 4.5$$

FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION BOUNDED BY THE GRAPHS

5. $f(x) = \sin x, g(x) = \cos x$

Find the area for one of the repeated regions!!!



$$A = \int_{\pi/4}^{5\pi/4} \sin x - \cos x \, dx$$

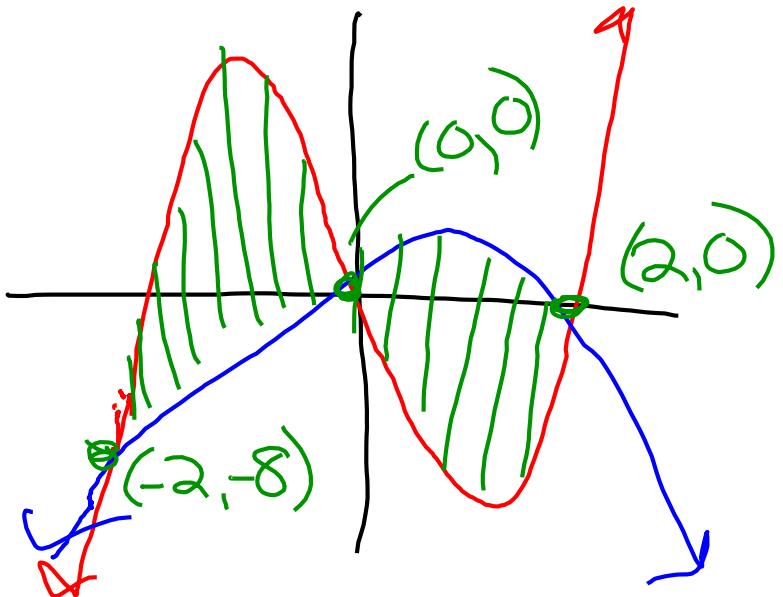
$$A = -\cos x - \sin x \Big|_{\pi/4}^{5\pi/4}$$

$$\left(-\cos \frac{5\pi}{4} - \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \right) - \left(-\cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$
$$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) - \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \cancel{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} - \cancel{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{2}$$

FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION BOUNDED BY THE GRAPHS

$$6. f(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 - 10x, \quad g(x) = -x^2 + 2x$$



$$\begin{aligned} A &= 12 + 12 \\ A &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\int_{-2}^0 (3x^3 - x^2 - 10x) - (-x^2 + 2x) dx \\ &\int_{-2}^0 3x^3 - 12x dx = \left. \frac{3x^4}{4} - \frac{12x^2}{2} \right|_{-2}^0 \\ &(0 - 0) - (12 - 24) = 12 \leftarrow 1^{\text{st}} \text{ section} \\ &\int_0^2 (-x^2 + 2x) - (3x^3 - x^2 - 10x) dx \\ &\int_0^2 -3x^3 + 12x dx = \left. -\frac{3x^4}{4} + 12x^2 \right|_0^2 \\ &(-12 + 24) - (0 - 0) = 12 \leftarrow 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ section} \end{aligned}$$